COLLEGE OF THE REDWOODS



ACADEMIC SENATE HANDBOOK

2026-2027

10+1

Academic Senate for California Community College

The function of the CR Academic Senate is to represent the faculty in making recommendations to the administration and the board of trustees regarding academic and professional matters (Title 5 53200 b). Those with a * are ones where the Board will rely primarily on the advisement of the Senate.

*01 Curriculum including establishing prerequisites and placing courses within disciplines

*02 Degree and certificate requirements

*03 Grading policies

04 Educational program development

*05 Standards or policies regarding student preparation and success

06 District and college governance structures, as related to faculty roles

07 Faculty roles and involvement in accreditation processes, including self-study and annual reports

*08 Policies for faculty professional development activities

09 Processes for program review

10 Processes for institutional planning and budget development

+1 Other academic and professional matters as are mutually agreed upon between the governing board and the academic senate.

Brown Act

The Brown Act is the most important open-meetings law for local governments in California. Compliance with the Brown Act is a critical role for the governing body. *Note: This is only a summary of key provisions of the Act, rather than a detailed overview of all its requirements.

APPLICATION

The Brown Act applies to all "legislative bodies". "Legislative Body" means:

- Governing Bodies: The governing body of a local agency or any other local body createdby state or federal statute.
- Subcommittees and Commissions: All subcommittees and commissions created by formal action of the legislative body, whether temporary, decision making, or advisory. There is one exception for ad hoc advisory committees consisting solely of less than a quorum of the legislative body.

MEETINGS

Definition

A Meeting is any congregation of a majority of the legislative body that meets at the same time and place to hear, discuss, or deliberate upon any item within the body's subject matter jurisdiction. A "meeting" includes any use of direct communication, intermediaries, or technological devices such as e-mail.

Types of Meetings

A regular meeting is the fixed formal meeting of the legislative body. Agendas must be posted at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting.

A special meeting may be called at any time either by the presiding officer or a majority of the legislative body by delivering a written notice to each member and to each local newspaper of general circulation and radio or television station requesting such notice. The notice must be delivered and the agenda posted at least 24 hours before the meeting.

- Public comments at special meetings are allowed concerning any item listed on the agenda prior to the body's consideration of that item. (Section 54954.3) There are no public comments allowed on non-agenda items.

TELECONFERENCING

Teleconferencing may be used for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. All votes taken during a teleconference meeting shall be roll call.

- Each teleconference location from which a member will be participating must be specifically identified in the meeting notice and agenda, including full address and room number.

- Agendas must be posted at teleconference locations specifying all teleconference locations 72 hours before the meeting.
- Each teleconference location must be physically accessible to the public. There must also be opportunity to speak at each teleconference location.
- At least a quorum of the legislative body must participate from locations within the local agency's jurisdiction.
- All votes must be audible and taken by roll call.

SERIAL MEETINGS

"A majority of the members of a legislative body shall not…use a series of communications of any kind, directly or through intermediaries, to discuss, deliberate, or take action on any item of business that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body." – GC Section 54952.2(b)(1)

AGENDAS

Agendas must contain a brief general description of each item of business to be transacted or discussed at the meeting. All agendas must be posted in a location at the agency offices that is freely accessible to the public, and also on the agency's website. School districts must allow members of the public to place matters directly related to school district business on the agenda. The school district can reasonably control when and how the item is placed on the agenda.

Action

A legislative body may not take action on an item not appearing on the agenda, except:

- To respond to statements made or questions posed by the public during the public comment section.
- To ask questions of staff or the public for clarification;
- To ask staff to report back on an item not appearing on the agenda at a subsequent meeting; or
- To make a brief announcement.

Public Comment

Each regular meeting agenda must provide an opportunity for public comment on any agenda item and on any item of interest to the public within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. For special meetings, the agenda must provide an opportunity for members of the public directly to address the legislative body concerning any item on the agenda; comments on items not on the agenda need not be allowed.

Inspection

Writings distributed to all or to a majority of the legislative body by any person for consideration at a public meeting are public records. Documents distributed to all or a majority of the legislative body less than 72 hours before a regular meeting must be made publicly available without delay. Writings given to the legislative body at the meeting by staff must be available at the meeting, and writings distributed at the meeting by others must be available after the meeting. The terms "writing" and "document" include electronic records such as email.

In addition, every agenda must state the location of an office at the agency where members of the public may inspect these documents. The agency may also post the documents on the agency's Internet Web site in a position and manner that makes it clear that the documents relate to an agenda item for an upcoming meeting.

CLOSED SESSIONS

Closed sessions are meetings conducted in private without the attendance of the public. They are permitted for specific purposes; courts construe the statutory basis for closed sessions narrowly. Generally, to preserve the confidentiality of closed sessions, only essential staff should attend a closed session.

Primary Types of Closed Sessions

- To instruct negotiators on real property transactions
- To instruct labor negotiations
- To discuss "pending litigation" with agency attorneys
- To consider the appointment, employment, evaluation, discipline, or dismissal of a public employee
- Employee Complaints or Charges
- Meetings regarding threats to security of public buildings or essential public services
- Meetings among Joint Powers Agencies formed for insurance pooling and local agency Self Insurance Authorities to consider liability issues
- Student matters such as discipline or records challenges

Announcements from Closed Session

- After each closed session the legislative body must report in open session certain actions taken in closed session, and the vote of each member, including:
    - Approval of an agreement concluding real estate negotiations
    - Approval for legal counsel to defend, initiate, or settle litigation
    - Disposition of claims
    - Action to appoint, employ, dismiss, release, accept resignation of, or affect the status of an employee
    - Approval of labor negotiation agreements reporting out may be deferred under certain circumstances, usually because it is contingent upon approval by another party.

Closed Session Confidentiality

No person may disclose confidential information that has been acquired by being present in an authorized closed session to unauthorized persons, unless the legislative body formally authorizes disclosure of confidential information. "Confidential information" means a communication made in a closed session that is specifically related to the basis for the closed session.

Penalties and Enforcement

A member who attends a meeting where action is taken in violation of the Brown Act, and where the member intends to deprive the public of information which the member knows or has reason to know the public is entitled, is guilty of a misdemeanor

CR Rules of Order

For Everyone

Public Comment – anyone can approach the microphone and be recognized by the chair for up to 2 minutes of public comment about anything related to Academic Senate business. Since the Academic Senate is a Brown Act committee, we are unable to respond on items not on the agenda.

Discussion of Agenda Items – anyone can approach the microphone and be recognized by the chair to provide public comment on any item as it comes up on the agenda.
For the purpose of clarifying acronyms, interruptions are invited at any time (Excuse me, …)
We encourage nonverbal communication such as thumbs up in the room and on Zoom to indicate agreement with a speaker.

Motions

To allow an orderly, democratic meeting process that is efficient and flexible, the Academic Senate has agreed that all motions need to be moved and seconded. Formal votes will be taken for Consent Agenda, Action Items and when a member calls for a vote on a motion that has been seconded.

- Consider each agenda item.
- Close discussion and vote (call the question) or summarize depending on the type of agenda item. To be used when there appears to be a lot of rehashing and agreement, and/or when there is concern regarding the time the agenda item is consuming. This requires a 2/3 vote to pass.
- To table or postpone.
- To adjourn.
- Point of order – objection to procedure or a matter is introduced that is not germane to the current agenda item.
- Amendments to the constitution and bylaws requires a 2/3 vote to pass.
- To move an time sensitive item from discussion to action with a 2/3 vote.
- A Senator may motion to revert to using full fledged Roberts rules oforder for the remainder of an item. This motion shall be subject to a simple majority vote.

Chair

- Begin by reading our values and reminding those on the committee and the public that the CR Rules of Order are in use and the Senate is unable to respond to public comments not listed on that agenda. These rules are attached to the agenda and posted on the Academic Senate Website.
- Recognizes speakers.
- Requests motions to move through the agenda.
- When an item closes, the chair summarizes and gives members a chance to amend the summary and asks if there is anything else we should consider before moving on to either the next item or to a vote, pausing briefly before continuing.

Senate Community Norms

The Academic Senate values:

- Welcoming all faculty and associate faculty to the Senate
- Honoring a diversity of opinions and recognizing dissenting opinions are a part of the discussion and make for a better decision-making process.
- Creating a space that is safe and respectful
- Empowering all senate voices.
- Respecting everyone's time and the agenda

Therefore, the Academic Senate has adopted the following actions and practices for all to support our values:

For Everyone (Committee Members & Guests):

- Audio checks for folks both in the room and on Zoom for clear audible communication.
- Avoid crosstalk.
- Honor an orderly speaking queue.
- Zoom chat is available with Rachel for technical issues. These are a part of the public record.
- Everyone thinks about the amount of time they are speaking on a topic, so everyone has a chance to be heard.
- We remain aware of our nonverbal communication (eye-rolling, heavy sighing, etc).
- We do not disparage or assume the ill intent of others in the meeting or the larger college community.
- We give everyone the benefit of the doubt and some level of grace. We are all human and will make mistakes.
- We are as transparent as possible in our communication.
- We clarify acronyms and accept an interruption (Excuse me, …) for clarification of an acronym from anyone.

For Senators:

- Name cards for members for all meetings, so everyone can be acknowledged by name.
- Questions and concerns with a member will be communicated directly to the person or member in question through real-time communication (in-person, Zoom, or telephone). A heads-up via email about discussing something is appreciated.
- We give positive feedback when someone does speak on behalf of their constituents, especially with having associate faculty and so many new faculty.
- We communicate with the constituents we represent, bringing up items on the agenda in advance so we can represent them accurately. This can be done by emailing your personal summary or sharing this at a meeting.

- Ad Hoc meetings are task based.
- Every member can point out that we are drifting off the agenda. Our chair (President) needs our help.
- Every member can point out when we are rehashing or there appears to be a lot of agreement.
- When you agree with someone nonverbals such as a thumbs up in the room or in Zoom are appreciated.

Senate President (Chair):

- The meeting begins by stating that different ideas and opinions are welcomed into our discussions. This makes for a better decision-making process.
- Summarizes the opinion of the Senate when relating feedback to outside bodies, allowing Senators to correct/amend the record.
- Restates what we are voting on and then pauses for reflection prior to a vote.
- Asks for dissenting opinions before the vote.
- When looking to end a discussion and there appears to be a lot of agreement, say something like, “There appears to be a lot of agreement. Is there anything else we should consider?”
- Has time allotted for items on the agenda to help everyone be able to keep the meeting on track.

Roberts Rules of Order - Simplified

Guiding Principles

- Everyone has the right to participate in discussion if they wish, before anyone may speak a second time.
- Everyone has the right to know what is going on at all times. Only urgent matters may interrupt a speaker.
- Only one thing (motion) can be discussed at a time.

A motion is the topic under discussion (e.g., "I move that we add a coffee break to this meeting"). After being recognized by the president of the board, any member can introduce a motion when no other motion is on the table. A motion requires a second to be considered. If there is no second, the matter is not considered. Each motion must be disposed of (passed, defeated, tabled, referred to committee, or postponed indefinitely).

How to do things

- You want to bring up a new idea before the group
    - After recognition by the president of the board, present your motion.
    - A second is required for the motion to go to the floor for discussion, or consideration.
- You want to change some of the wording in a motion under discussion
    - After recognition by the president of the board, move to amend by adding words, striking words, or striking and inserting words.
- You like the idea of a motion being discussed, but you need to reword it beyond simple word changes.
    - Move to substitute your motion for the original motion. If it is seconded, discussion will continue on both motions and eventually the body will vote on which motion they prefer.
- You want more study and/or investigation given to the idea being discussed.
    - Move to refer to a committee. Try to be specific as to the charge to the committee.
- You want more time personally to study the proposal being discussed.
    - Move to postpone to a definite time or date.
- You are tired of the current discussion.
    - Move to limit debate to a set period of time or to a set number of speakers. Requires a 2/3rds vote.
- You have heard enough discussion.
    - Move to close the debate. Also referred to as calling the question. This cuts off discussion and brings the assembly to a vote on the pending question only. Requires a 2/3rds vote.
- You want to postpone a motion until some later time.
    - Move to table the motion. The motion may be taken from the table after 1 item of business has been conducted. If the motion is not taken from the table by the end of the next meeting, it is dead. To kill a motion at the time it is tabled requires a 2/3rds vote. A majority is required to table a motion without killing it.

- You believe the discussion has drifted away from the agenda and want to bring it back.
    - Call for orders of the day
- You want to take a short break.
    - Move to recess for a set period of time.
- You want to end the meeting.
    - Move to adjourn.
- You are unsure the president of the board announced the results of a vote correctly.
    - Without being recognized, call for a “division of the house." A roll call vote will then be taken.
- You are confused about a procedure being used and want clarification.
    - Without recognition, call for "Point of Information" or "Point of Parliamentary Inquiry." The president of the board will ask you to state your question and will attempt to clarify the situation.
- You have changed your mind about something that was voted on earlier in the meeting for which you were on the winning side.
    - Move to reconsider. If the majority agrees, the motion comes back on the floor as though the vote had not occurred.
- You want to change an action voted on at an earlier meeting.
    - Move to rescind. If previous written notice is given, a simple majority is required. If no notice is given, a 2/3rds vote is required.

Unanimous Consent

If a matter is considered relatively minor or opposition is not expected, a call for unanimous consent may be requested. If the request is made by others, the president of the board will repeat the request and then pause for objections. If none are heard, the motion passes.

You may interrupt a speaker for these reasons only

- To get information about business- point of information to get information about rules- parliamentary inquiry
- If you can’t hear, safety reasons, comfort, etc. – question of privilege
- If you see a breach of the rules – point of order
- If you disagree with the president of the boards ruling – appeal
- If you disagree with a call for unanimous consent – object

Quick Reference					
	Must Be Seconded	Open for Discussion	Can be Amended	Vote Count Required to Pass	May Be Reconsidered or Rescinded
Main Motion	√	√	√	Majority	√
Amend Motion	√	√		Majority	√
Kill a Motion	√			Majority	√
Limit Debate	√		√	2/3rds	√
Close Discussion	√			2/3rds	√
Recess	√		√	Majority	
Adjourn (End meeting)	√			Majority	
Refer to Committee	√	√	√	Majority	√
Postpone to a later time	√	√	√	Majority	√
Table	√		√	Majority	
Postpone Indefinitely	√	√		Majority	√

Senate Committee Calendar 2026

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Week 1					9:00AM – ELEVATE 10:35AM – Academic Standards and Policies 1:15PM – Academic Senate
Week 2		12:00PM – Associate Faculty		2:00PM – Redwoods Online	9:00AM – Faculty Qualifications 10:00AM – Senate Executive 1:00PM – Curriculum
Week 3					9:00AM – ELEVATE 10:35AM – Academic Standards and Policies 1:15PM – Academic Senate
Week 4				2:00PM – Redwoods Online	9:00AM – Faculty Qualifications 10:00AM – Senate Executive 1:00PM - Curriculum
Week 5	None	None	None	None	None

Agenda Deadlines

Agendas need to be posted 72 hours prior to the meeting time. However, the deadline for submissions of addresses, agenda items and attachments are set to ensure time for admin support to make changes and post by the deadline.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Week 1	5:00PM – ELEVATE and ASPC Due	9:00AM – Senate Due	5:00pm – Associate Faculty Due		
Week 2	9:00AM – Redwoods online Due 5:00PM – Faculty Qualifications, Senate Executive Due	9:00AM – Curriculum Due			
Week 3	5:00PM – ELEVATE and ASPC Due	9:00AM – Senate Due			
Week 4	9:00AM – Redwoods online Due 5:00PM – Faculty Qualifications, Senate Executive Due	9:00AM – Curriculum Due			
Week 5	None	None	None	None	None

Academic Senate

Meeting Time – 1st and 3rd Fridays at 1:15pm

Meeting Location – Boardroom SS202

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2026-2028	Wendy Riggs	President
2026-2028	Jennifer Burlison	Vice President
2025-2027	Trevor Hartman	Career Education
2025-2027	Michael Dennis	Career Education
2025-2027	Kyle Shamp	Career Education
2025-2027	Ashley Knowlton	English
2026-2028	Patricia Harris	Health & Safety Occupations
2026-2028	Hillary Reed	Health & Safety Occupations
2025-2027	Chris Lancaster	Humanities
2026-2028	Maria Morrow	Math & Science
2026-2028	Erik Kramer	Math & Science
2026-2028	Mike Haley	Math & Science
2026-2028	Cintra Agee	Social Science
2026-2028	Philip Mancus	Social Science
2025-2027	Karyn-Lynn Fisette	Del Norte
2026-2028	Matt McKindley	Klamath-Trinity
2025-2027	Laurel Jean	Associate Faculty
2026-2028	Stuart Altschuler	Associate Faculty
2026-2028	Aaron Coyle	Student Services
2026-2028	Phil Freneau	Del Norte

Senator Duties

- Read through documents prior to the meeting so you are informed and ready to discuss.
- Attend senate meetings.
- Actively participate in Senate meetings.
- Report location of meeting attendance 80 hours prior to the meeting if you will not be in person. If you are attending remotely, you must post the agenda outside of the location 72 hours prior to the meeting.
- You will not count for quorum if you are not attending within the boundaries of the district, which are Humboldt County, Trinity County, and Del Norte County.
- Report absence as soon as you know you will be absent so quorum can be accounted for. If you have a pre-planned absence you should find a substitute within your department. Two unreported absences may result in removal of your position.
- Report back to your Representative Area what is discussed in the Senate meetings.

Academic Standards and Policies Committee

Meeting Time – 1st and 3rd Fridays at 10:35AM

Meeting Location – Boardroom SS202

Description

Under the direction of the Academic Senate, ASPC takes on policy writing and revision assignments related to academic and professional matters covered by Title 5. Service on this committee involves a significant amount of close and careful reading before and during the meeting. This committee is a good fit for individuals who like details and enjoy writing and thinking about the myriad policies that govern our institution. Members develop a wide knowledge of institutional practices through their service and enjoy collegial discussion and decision-making.

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2026-2028	Philip Mancus	Chair
2025-2027	Erin Wall	Math & Science
2025-2027	Kelly Carbone	Student Services
2026-2028	Dana Maher	Social Science
2026-2028	Elyse Elizondo	Communications
Ongoing	Crystal Morse	Chief Instructional Officer

Associate Faculty Committee

Meeting Time – 2nd Tuesdays at 12:00PM

Meeting Location – Boardroom SS202

Description

Associate faculty committee is for part-time faculty members to meet and discuss unique aspects of being part-time faculty members. There are discussions on senate meetings, instruction, general institution questions and topics unique to being a part-time faculty member.

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2026-2027	Laurel Jean	Chair
2026-2027	Jeffrey Frederick	Associate Faculty
2026-2027	Rachel Wilson	Associate Faculty
2026-2027	Maria Morrow	Full-Time Faculty Liaison

Curriculum Committee

Meeting Time - 2nd and 4th Fridays at 1:00PM

Meeting Location – Boardroom SS202

Description

Members of the Curriculum Committee are expected to read all of the curricular documents and provide constructive feedback to curriculum authors in advance of each meeting. Committee members gain a broad, interdisciplinary understanding of the college's degrees, certificates, and courses as well as the many Chancellor's Office and state guidelines and requirements. Members also gain a keen understanding of articulation processes, procedures and requirements. This is the kind of committee that requires regular work from members each week, outside of the committee meeting days and times, but exposes members to a broad picture of the entire institution.

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2026-2028	George Potamianos	Chair
2025-2027	Jasmine Iniquez	Career Education
2025-2027	Kendra Guimaraes	English
2026-2028	Jon Pace	Assessment
2026-2028	Erik Kramer	Math & Science
2025-2027	Susan Gehr	Social Science
2025-2027	Angela Stewart	Student Services
2025-2027	Ashley Knowlton	Alternative Instructional Methodologies
2025-2027	Chris Lancaster	Humanities
2026-2028	Natalie Yialelis	Health & Safety Occupations
	Jennifer Bailey	Articulation Officer
Non-voting; Ongoing	Leigh Dooley	RO Administrator
Non-voting; Ongoing	Terra Thompson	Curriculum Specialist
Non-voting; Ongoing	Cameron Papp	Curriculum Specialist
Non-voting; Ongoing	Crystal Morse	Chief Instructional Officer

ELEVATE Committee

Meeting Time – 1st and 3rd Fridays at 9:00AM

Meeting Location – Boardroom SS202

Description

The Elevate committee is responsible for promoting a rich variety of backgrounds and perspectives to the students and to the District. The committee supports the implementation of the Student Equity Plan and Work Force Equity in Hiring Plan on behalf of the Academic Senate; and promotes the retention of students, faculty, and staff from underrepresented groups. The committee works to assist in the development of strategies that demonstrate inclusiveness as a District value. Members of the committee are responsible for reading through meeting documents prior to the meeting to be ready to discuss. Members of the committee are also encouraged to support multicultural events and diversity training for all faculty, staff, and students

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2025-2027	Carolyn Perkins	Chair
2026-2028	Lupe Galvan	Humanities
2026-2028	Ernie Shull	Career Education
2026-2028	Steve Jackson	Math & Science
2025-2027	Cintra Agee	Social Science
2025-2027	Kendra Guimaraes	English
2025-2027	Stacey Anne Salinas	Social Science
2025-2027	Elyse Elizondo	Humanities
2025-2027	Mark Taylor	Associate Faculty
2025-2027	Jeri Fitzgerald	Health & Safety Occupations
2025-2027	Angeles Torres-Mendez	Humanities
Non-voting; Ongoing	Irene Gonzalez-Herrera	Director of MEC
Non-voting; Ongoing	Andrew Nichols	Director of SASS

Executive Committee

Meeting Time – 2nd & 4th Fridays at 10:00AM

Meeting Location – Boardroom SS202

Description

The Executive committee is a smaller group of senators whose primary function is to approve the Senate meeting agendas.

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2026-2028	Wendy Riggs	President
2026-2028	Jennifer Burlison	Vice President
2026-2027	Philip Mancus	Social Science
2026-2027	Erik Kramer	Math & Science
2026-2027	Mike Haley	Math & Science
2026-2027	Karyn-Lynn Fisette	English
Non-voting; 2026-2028	Hillary Reed	Chair of Faculty Development
Non-voting; 2026-2028	Maggie White	Chair of Redwoods Online
Non-voting; 2026-2028	George Potamianos	Chair of Curriculum
Non-voting; 2026-2027	Laurel Jean	Chair of Associate Faculty
Non-voting; 2025-2027	Carolyn Perkins	Chair of ELEVATE
Non-voting; 2025-2027	Michelle Haggerty	Chair of Faculty Qualifications

Faculty Development Committee

Meeting Time as needed

Meeting Location – CAC407

Description

Faculty development is responsible for reviewing faculty professional development funding requests and making decisions on which requests get funded. They meet three to four times in an academic year. Members are responsible for knowing the funding guidelines and reviewing requests prior to the meeting.

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2026-2028	Hillary Reed	Chair
2025-2027	Laurrie McKendry	Del Norte
2026-2028	Jason White	Eureka
2026-2028	Ryan Emenaker	Eureka
2026-2028	Jon Pedicino	Eureka
2026-2028	Lisa Sayles	Eureka

Faculty Qualifications Committee

Meeting Time – 2nd & 4th Fridays at 9:00AM

Meeting Location – Boardroom SS202

Description

The faculty qualifications committee is charged with reviewing faculty equivalency applications to verify that the faculty meets the standards to instruct that subject area. They also review all minimum qualification applications.

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2025-2027	Michelle Haggerty	Chair
2025-2027	Anibal Florez	Career Education
2025-2027	Mike Peterson	Student Services
2025-2027	Christopher Callahan	Math & Science
2025-2027	Maddie Lopez	Career Education
2025-2027	Jason White	Health & Safety Occupations
2025-2027	Phil Freneau	Career Education
2025-2027	Tony Sartori	Math & Science
Non-voting; Ongoing	Crystal Morse	Chief Instructional Officer

Redwoods Online Committee

Meeting Time – 2nd and 4th Thursdays at 2:00PM

Meeting Location – CAC 407

Description

The Committee is charged with providing direction and leadership on matters pertaining to academic quality, faculty training and support, student learning, and institutional effectiveness in distance education. Committee members are responsible for preparing for the meeting by reading appropriate documents and coming to the meeting ready to discuss the agendized items.

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2026-2028	Maggie White	Chair
2026-2028	Darius Kalvaitis	Career Education
2026-2028	Natalia Margulis	Humanities
2026-2028	Paula Amis	Health & Safety Occupations
2026-2028	Erik Kramer	Math & Science
2026-2028	Laura Kirkpatrick	Associate Faculty
2026-2028	Kelly Carbone	Student Services

CRFO/Senate Liaison

Meeting time and location is as needed

Description

This committee is comprised of the Senate President, CRFO President, Senate Vice President and CRFO Vice President. This purpose of these meetings is to discuss matters.

Membership

Term	Name	Constituency Group
2026-2028	Wendy Riggs	Senate President
2026-2028	Jennifer Burlison	Senate Vice President
2026-2027	Michelle Haggerty	CRFO President
2026-2027	Erik Kramer	CRFO Vice President

Contact Information

 +707 -476-4259

 academic-senate@redwoods.edu

 www.https://internal.redwoods.edu/Senate/